

Tutorial Sheet EE 636 Matrix Computations: 5th Jan 2023.

Q-1: For vectors $x, y \in \mathbb{R}^n$ show that the "dot-product" $x^T y$ is unchanged if Q acts on each of x, y (i.e. Qx, Qy dot product is same as when Q is orthogonal)

Q-2 Noting that $\|x\|_2^2 = x^T x$, show that $\|Qx\|_2 = \|x\|_2$ for any orthogonal Q & any $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$.

Q-3: Work/formulate 2 converses of statement 2 and show at least one of them is wrong.

Q-4 Show that $\|A\|_F = \|QA\|_F$ for any $A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times m}$ & $Q \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$

(Use Q2 above and $QA = [Qa_1 \ Qa_2 \ \dots \ Qa_m]$, $A = [a_1 \ \dots \ a_m]$)
 $= \|A^T\|_F$

Q-5 Use defn of $\|A\|_2$ to prove $\|A\|_2 = \|UAV^T\|_2$ for any A & any orthogonal U, V .

Q-6 Thus show $\|A\|_2 = \sigma_{\max}$ & $\|A\|_F^2 = \sum \sigma_i^2$ (σ_i : singular values of A)

Q-7 Show that ~~if~~ if A is rank 1, then $\|A\|_F = \|A\|_2$ and what about converse?

Q-8 In an SVD, $A = U \Sigma V^T$, check that each $u_i v_i^T$ has 2-norm = 1 & Frobenius norm = 1 and further.

$(u_i v_i^T)^T (u_j v_j^T) = 0$ for $i \neq j$. Some "orthonormal" set.

Q-9 Suppose A has rank $r < n$ & $A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$.

Consider "thin SVD" $A = \hat{U} \Sigma_r \hat{V}^T$ ($\hat{U}$ is first r columns of U & $\hat{V}$ is first r columns of V).

Find orthonormal basis for image of A & kernel of A using $\hat{U}$ & $\hat{V}$.

Q-10: Check that transmitting entries of $\hat{U}$ & $\hat{V}$ & Σ_r is much cheaper than entries of $A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$ for $r \ll n$.

Find what rank r is "break-even" &

Q-11: (image compression: lossy.)

Check that $\kappa_2(A) = 1$ when A is an orthogonal matrix.

Q-12: Suppose A is diagonal, find conditions on A for $\kappa_2(A) = 1$. Conclude that "ill-conditioned" does not mean $\det(A)$ is too large or too small.

Q-13: For any induced p -norm, show

$$\kappa_p(A)^{-1} \leq \min_{\substack{A + \Delta A \\ \text{singular}}} \frac{\|\Delta A\|_p}{\|A\|_p}.$$

Q-14: Show for induced 2-norm:

$$[\kappa_2(A)]^{-1} = \min_{\substack{A + \Delta A \\ \text{singular}}} \frac{\|\Delta A\|_2}{\|A\|_2}.$$

Q-15: Use $\text{rank}(AB) \leq \min(\text{rank } A, \text{rank } B)$

to conclude sum of r rank 1 matrices is at most r .

Q-16: Find number of additions & multiplications

for $A \cdot B$ for $A, B \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$ using - inner product procedure

Q-17: $\begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & \sin \theta \\ -\sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix}$ is orthogonal: check.

- outer product procedure.

$\begin{bmatrix} \cosh \theta & \sinh \theta \\ \sinh \theta & \cosh \theta \end{bmatrix}$ is orthogonal: check.