## EE 703: Digital Message Transmission

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Assignment 3 Due Date: October 3, 2013

1. Consider the following hypothesis testing problem.

$$H_1: Y_1 = A + N_1, Y_2 = N_2$$
  
 $H_0: Y_1 = N_1, Y_2 = N_2$ 

where A > 0,  $\mathbf{Y} \sim N(\mathbf{m}_i, \mathbf{C})$  under hypothesis  $H_i$ ,  $\mathbf{Y} = \begin{bmatrix} Y_1 & Y_2 \end{bmatrix}^T$ ,  $\mathbf{m}_0 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}^T$ ,  $\mathbf{m}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} A & 0 \end{bmatrix}^T$ ,  $\mathbf{C} = \sigma^2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \rho \\ \rho & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ . Show that  $Y_2$  is a relevant statistic by deriving the following conditional densities.

$$p(y_2|y_1, H_0) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi(1-\rho^2)\sigma^2}} e^{-\frac{(y_2-\rho y_1)^2}{2(1-\rho^2)\sigma^2}},$$

$$p(y_2|y_1, H_1) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi(1-\rho^2)\sigma^2}} e^{-\frac{[y_2-\rho(y_1-A)]^2}{2(1-\rho^2)\sigma^2}}$$

- 2. M signals  $s_1(t), s_2(t), \ldots, s_M(t)$  which are nonzero for  $0 \le t \le T$  are transmitted over an AWGN channel. Each signal is identical to all the others in the interval  $[t_1, t_2]$  where  $0 < t_1 < t_2 < T$ . Show that the optimal receiver can ignore the signal received in the interval  $[t_1, t_2]$  in taking its decision.
- 3. A pulse p(t) which is nonzero for  $0 \le t < T$  is transmitted through a channel which adds WGN n(t) having PSD  $\sigma^2$  and also induces a random delay D as shown in the figure below. If the delay D is equally likely to be 0, T or 2T, what is the best estimator for the delay?

$$p(t) \longrightarrow Channel \longrightarrow y(t) = p(t-D) + n(t)$$

4. Consider the M-ary hypothesis testing problem in AWGN where  $s_i(t) = A_i p(t)$  for some distinct scalars  $A_i \in \mathbb{R}$  and unit energy pulse p(t) which is nonzero for  $0 \le t \le T$ .

If all the hypotheses are equally likely, show that the optimal receiver compares the output of a matched filter to a set of thresholds.