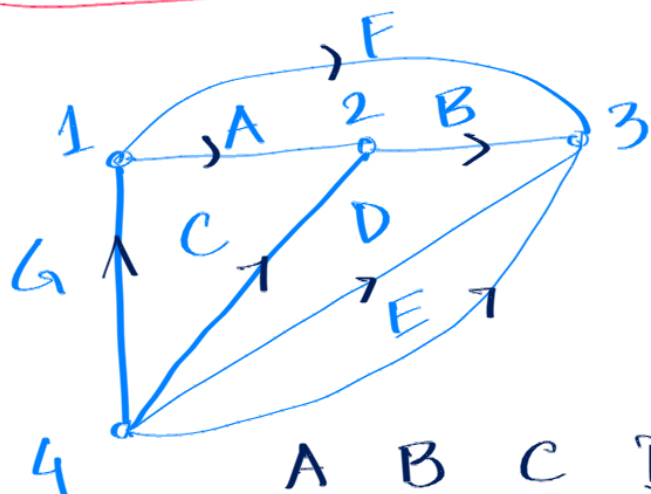
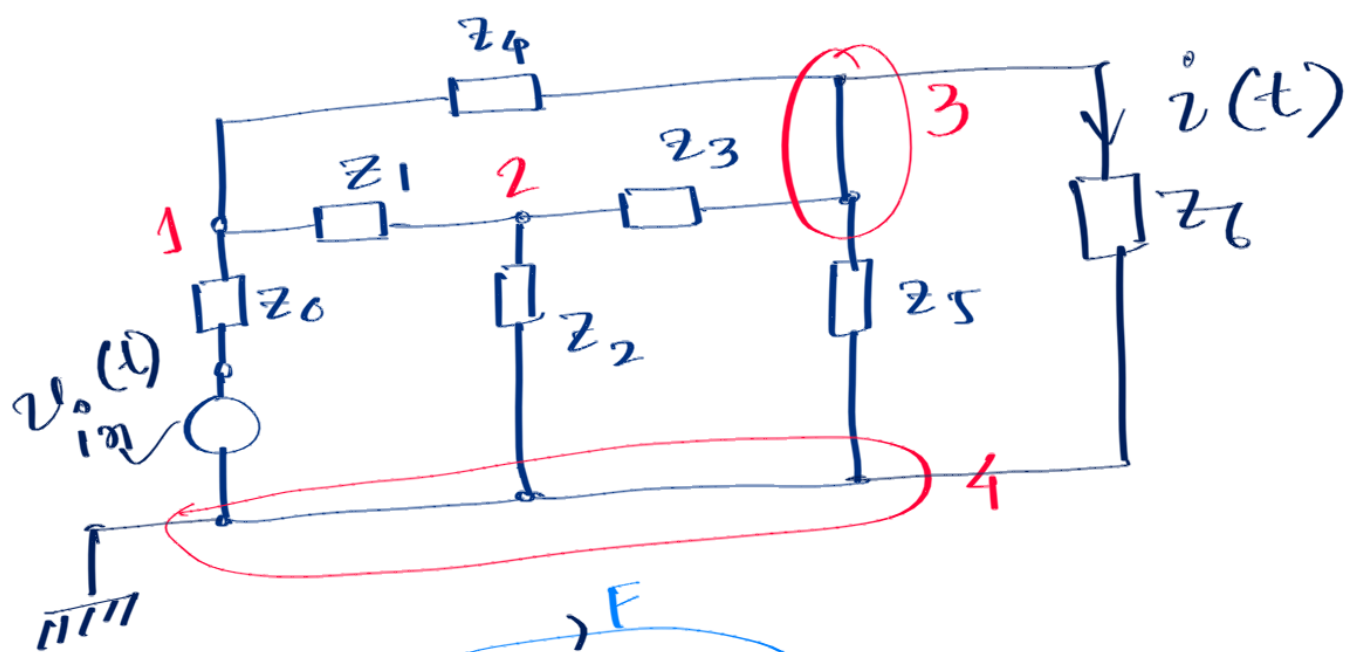




$$\mathcal{E} = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} A & B & C & D & E & F & G \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & -1 & -1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix} \begin{bmatrix} i_A \\ i_B \\ i_C \\ i_D \\ i_E \\ i_F \\ i_G \end{bmatrix}$$

$i_b \rightarrow$ Branch current vector

$$i_b = \begin{bmatrix} i_A \\ i_B \\ i_C \\ i_D \\ i_E \\ i_F \\ i_G \end{bmatrix}$$

$v_b \rightarrow$ Branch voltage vector

$$v_b = \begin{bmatrix} v_A \\ v_B \\ v_C \\ v_D \\ v_E \\ v_F \\ v_G \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathcal{E} i_b = 0$$

KCL

$\bar{\lambda}_n \rightarrow$ Node potential vector.

$$\bar{\lambda}_n = \begin{bmatrix} \bar{\lambda}_1 \\ \bar{\lambda}_2 \\ \bar{\lambda}_3 \\ \bar{\lambda}_4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$v_b = \mathcal{E}^T \bar{\lambda}_n$$

$$\mathcal{E}^T \bar{\lambda}_n = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \bar{\lambda}_1 \\ \bar{\lambda}_2 \\ \bar{\lambda}_3 \\ \bar{\lambda}_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} v_A \\ v_B \\ v_C \\ v_D \\ v_E \\ v_F \\ v_G \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\boxed{\mathcal{E}^T \bar{\lambda}_n = v_b} \quad \xrightarrow{\checkmark} \text{KVL}$$

$$v_G + v_A - v_C = (-\cancel{\lambda_1} + \cancel{\lambda_4}) + (\cancel{\lambda_1} - \cancel{\lambda_2}) - (-\cancel{\lambda_2} + \cancel{\lambda_4}) = 0$$

In Laplace domain

$$V_A(s) = \underline{Z_1}(s) I_A(s)$$

$$V_B(s) = \underline{Z_3}(s) I_B(s)$$

$$V_C(s) = Z_2(s) I_C(s)$$

$$V_D(s) = Z_5(s) I_D(s)$$

$$V_E(s) = Z_6(s) I_E(s)$$

$$V_F(s) = Z_4(s) I_F(s)$$

$$V_G(s) = Z_0(s) I_G(s) - V_{in}(s)$$

$$\underline{V_b(s)} = \underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ \text{device impedance matrix}}}{Z(s)} I_b(s) - V^{Source}(s)$$

— Device properties

$$\begin{aligned} I_b(s) &= Z^{-1}(s) [V_b(s) + V^{Source}(s)] \\ &= Z^{-1}(s) \mathcal{E}^T \Pi_n(s) + Z^{-1}(s) V^{Source}(s) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \mathcal{E} I_b(s) &= \mathcal{E} Z^{-1}(s) \mathcal{E}^T \Pi_n(s) + \\ &\quad \mathcal{E} Z^{-1}(s) V^{Source}(s) \\ &\quad \quad \quad = 0 \\ \left[\mathcal{E} Z^{-1}(s) \mathcal{E}^T \right] \Pi_n(s) &= -\mathcal{E} Z^{-1}(s) V^{Source}(s) \end{aligned}$$

Circuit eqⁿ

Π_n is independent but not uniquely associated with v_b .

Indeed, if $\bar{\Lambda}_n^*$ corresponds to v_b^* then $\bar{\Lambda}_n^* + \mathbb{1}\alpha$ $\mathbb{1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ \vdots \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$

also corresponds to v_b^* $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$

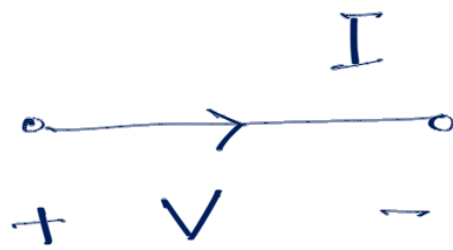
To get rid of this non uniqueness, we take any $\bar{\Lambda}_i^* = 0$. In this case,

lets take $\bar{r}_4 = 0$,

$\equiv$ 4th mode grounded,

Here,

$$V^{\text{Source}}(s) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ V_{in}(s) \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\tilde{\mathcal{E}} \in \mathbb{R}^{3 \times 7}$$

$\parallel$

$\mathcal{E} \setminus$ 4th row.

$$\tilde{\mathcal{E}} \tilde{\mathcal{Z}}^{-1}(s) \tilde{\mathcal{E}}^T \begin{bmatrix} \pi_1(s) \\ \pi_2(s) \\ \pi_3(s) \end{bmatrix} = -\tilde{\mathcal{E}} \tilde{\mathcal{Z}}^{-1}(s) V^{\text{Source}}(s)$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & -1 & -1 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \gamma_1(s) \\ \gamma_3(s) \\ \gamma_2(s) \\ \gamma_5(s) \\ \gamma_6(s) \\ \gamma_4(s) \\ \gamma_7(s) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$z_i^{-1}(s) =: \gamma_i(s) \text{ (define)}$$

$$\tilde{\mathcal{E}}^T \begin{bmatrix} \pi_1(s) \\ \pi_2(s) \\ \pi_3(s) \end{bmatrix} = - \tilde{\mathcal{E}} \underline{\underline{Z}}^T(s) \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \\ V_{in}(s) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= - \tilde{\mathcal{E}} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \\ \gamma_o(s) \gamma_{in}(s) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \gamma_o(s) V_{in}(s) \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\checkmark \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & -1 & +1 & +1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \gamma_1 & \gamma_3 & \gamma_2 & \gamma_5 & \gamma_6 & \gamma_4 & \gamma_o \\ \bigcirc & & & & & & \\ & \bigcirc & & & & & \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & + \\ 0 & + & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & + \\ 0 & 0 & + \\ 1 & 0 & + \\ + & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \checkmark \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & -1 & +1 & +1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \gamma_1 & -\gamma_1 & 0 \\ 0 & \gamma_3 & -\gamma_3 \\ 0 & -\gamma_2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -\gamma_5 \\ 0 & 0 & -\gamma_6 \\ \gamma_4 & 0 & -\gamma_4 \\ -\gamma_o & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \gamma_1 + \gamma_4 + \gamma_0 & -\gamma_1 & -\gamma_4 \\ -\gamma_1 & \gamma_1 + \gamma_3 + \gamma_2 & -\gamma_3 \\ -\gamma_4 & -\gamma_3 & \gamma_3 + \gamma_5 + \gamma_6 + \gamma_4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\tilde{\gamma}(s) \tilde{\pi}_n(s) = \begin{bmatrix} \gamma_0 v_{in}(s) \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \tilde{\pi}_n(s) = \tilde{\gamma}(s)^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} \gamma_0 v_{in}(s) \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$