### Mining Miscellanea

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# **Bitcoin Mining**

lock Header =	nVersion	4 bytes 32 bytes		
	hashPrevBlock			
	hashMerkleRoot	32 bytes		
	nTime	4 bytes 4 bytes		
	nBits			
	nNonce	4 bytes		

• Let  $b_1b_2b_3b_4$  be the 4 bytes in nBits. The 256-bit target threshold is given by

$$T = b_2 b_3 b_4 \times 256^{b_1 - 3}$$
.

Miner who can find nNonce such that

```
SHA256 (SHA256 ( nVersion \| \cdots \| nNonce )) \leq T
```

can add a new block

B

- A \$500 mining rig can perform 16 Terahashes/s = 16 × 10<sup>12</sup> hashes/s
- A 4-byte nNonce field means  $2^{32} \approx 4 \times 10^9$  possibilities

#### • What should a miner do if all the 2<sup>32</sup> nNonce values fail threshold test?

- Changing hashPrevBlock and nBits fields invalidates block
- Change bits in the nVersion field?
- Change timestamp to change nTime field?
- Change transactions to change hashMerkleRoot field?

## Modifying nVersion and nTime

#### nVersion

- Three bits of the 32-bit nVersion are set to 001
- Remaining 29 bits are used by miners to signal support for soft forks
- Changing the signaling bits can interfere with protocol upgrades
- Some miners still do it (see block 541,604)

#### nTime

- · Timestamps can be changed only by increments of a second
- In block at height *N*, the nTime value needs to be greater than median of nTime values of blocks N 1, N 2, ..., N 11
- A node rejects a block if the nTime field specifies a time which exceeds its network-adjusted time by more than 2 hours
- Miners cannot risk invalidating their mined blocks by modifying nTime indiscriminately

## **Transaction Merkle Root**



- hashMerkleRoot contains root hash of transaction Merkle tree
- · Modifying any transaction or the transaction order will modify the root hash



### The Extra Nonce Solution

 Although coinbase transaction do not unlock previous outputs, they contain a dummy input



Coinbase Transaction Format

- Dummy input fields
  - hash is set to all zeros (0x000...000)
  - n is set to 0xFFFFFFF
  - scriptSig field can be at most 100 bytes long; also called coinbase field
  - Since March 2013, the first 4 bytes of scriptSig encode the block height
  - The remaining scriptSig space is used as an extra nonce by miners

#### Genesis Block Coinbase Field

Satoshi put the following text in the genesis block coinbase field

The Times 03/Jan/2009 Chancellor on brink of second bailout for banks



#### **Coinbase Markers**

· Miners identify themselves in the coinbase field

BTC.com Pool	Wallet Bloc	ks Stats Tool	s Applications	Index BCH	Ethereum (ETH)	Address/Height/Has	. Q
Home / 2019-11-03							
Y 2009 2010 2011 2011 M 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 D 1 2 3	2 2013 2014 8 9 10 <b>11</b>	2015 2016 20	17 2018 <mark>2019</mark>				
Height Relayed By	Tx Count Stri	pped Size(B) Si	ze(B) Weight	Avg Fee Per Tx	Reward	Time	Block Version
602,199 & Huobi.pool	2,070	944,065 1,16	1,064 3,993,259	0.00005579	12.5 + 0.22279329 BTC	2019-11-03 22:11:21	
602,198 👁 F2Pool	3,052	914,310 1,25	5,835 3,998,765	0.00007207	12.5 + 0.28819728 BTC	2019-11-03 22:06:18	
602,197 & Huobi.pool	2,658	907,203 1,27	1,525 3,993,134	0.00009806	12.5 + 0.39156431 BTC	2019-11-03 21:54:38	
602,196 CD SlushPool	2,139	953,941 1,13	1,367 3,993,190	0.00005700	12.5 + 0.22761120 BTC	2019-11-03 21:34:01	
602,195 😟 ViaBTC	2,711	944,551 1,15	9,322 3,992,975	0.00004483	12.5 + 0.17900097 BTC	2019-11-03 21:28:33	
602,194 💫 BitFury	2,930	907,803 1,26	9,595 3,993,004	0.00010687	12.5 + 0.42672643 BTC	2019-11-03 21:26:03	
602,193 📲 Poolin	2,132	963,156 1,10	3,840 3,993,308	0.00006342	12.5 + 0.25325446 BTC	2019-11-03 21:02:23	
602,192 📲 Poolin	2,527	962,776 1,10	5,025 3,993,353	0.00006235	12.5+0.24900263 BTC	2019-11-03 20:57:08	
602,191 ex BTC.com	3,112	915,955 1,24	5,353 3,993,218	0.00007155	12.5 + 0.28571648 BTC	2019-11-03 20:51:28	
602,190 ••• BTC.com	2,934	925,550 1,21	5,767 3,993,417	0.00008097	12.5 + 0.32332910 BTC	2019-11-03 20:42:33	
602,189 ••• BTC.com	2,659	878,680 1,35	7,517 3,993,557	0.00007710	12.5 + 0.30790619 BTC	2019-11-03 20:35:00	
602,188 📲 Poolin	2,725	862,367 1,40	5,197 3,993,298	0.00011266	12.5+0.44990350 BTC	2019-11-03 20:31:20	
602,187 📲 Poolin	2,826	908,419 1,26	7,943 3,993,200	0.00011458	12.5 + 0.45755185 BTC	2019-11-03 20:15:48	

#### **Block Distribution**

 The percentage of blocks mined by each miner can be calculated from coinbase markers



Image credit: https://btc.com/stats/pool?pool\_mode=day

# **Mining Pools**

- The network hashrate is 91 Exahashes/s =  $91 \times 10^{18}$  hashes/s
- A \$2000 mining rig can perform 50 Terahashes/s
- The probability of an individual rig owner winning a block is too low
- Rig owners join mining pools
- Mining pool operation
  - Pool owner "distributes" the mining search space among the pool miners (participants)
  - When a pool miner finds a hash starting with 32 zeros, it submits the block header to the pool as proof of its efforts. This is called a **share**.
  - If one of the pool miners finds a valid block, the block reward is distributed to all pool miners proportional to the number of submitted shares
  - Pool takes a portion of the block reward as coordination fee

## **Distributing Search Space**

- Pool owner can distribute search space by having a different extra nonce for each pool miner
- Rolling of extra nonce by pool owner for every pool miner does not scale
  - Pool owner recomputes hashMerkleRoot for every extra nonce change
  - Pool miners only change nNonce and nTime (assuming nVersion is not changed)
- Instead, extra nonce is split into two parts
  - ExtraNonce1 is used to distribute search space
  - ExtraNonce2 is changed by the individual pool miners

## **Transaction Merkle Root**



- · Pool owner sends each pool miner the following
  - nVersion, hashPrevBlock, nTime, nBits fields of block header
  - Coinbase1 = Part of the coinbase transaction before extra nonce
  - ExtraNonce1 = Miner-specific extra nonce
  - ExtraNonce2\_size = The number of bytes in ExtraNonce2 the miner can change
  - Coinbase1 = Part of the coinbase transaction after extra nonce
  - Merkle\_branch = List of hashes used to calculate hashMerkleRoot

### Merkle Branch



- Every time ExtraNonce2 is changed, the hashMerkleRoot has to be recalculated
- Instead of sending all the transactions, only necessary hashes are sent

### References

- Sections 4.2, 4.3, 5.3 of An Introduction to Bitcoin, S. Vijayakumaran, www.ee.iitb.ac.in/~sarva/bitcoin.html
- BIP 34: Block v2, Height in Coinbase https: //github.com/bitcoin/bips/blob/master/bip-0034.mediawiki
- Bitcoin Genesis Block https://en.bitcoin.it/wiki/Genesis\_block
- Bitcoin Blocks with Coinbase Markers https://btc.com/block
- Bitcoin Block Distribution https://btc.com/stats/pool
- Bitmain Mining Rigs https://shop.bitmain.com/
- Slushpool Documentation https://slushpool.com/help/hashrate-proof/
- Hardening Stratum, the Bitcoin Pool Mining Protocol https://arxiv.org/abs/1703.06545