Quiz 2: 20 points

- 1. [5 points] Let a, b be positive integers. Prove the following statements.
 - There exist integers X, Y such that Xa + Yb = gcd(a, b).
 - gcd(a, b) is the smallest positive integer that can be expressed as an integer linear combination of a and b.
- 2. [5 points] Let G be a finite group with operation *. Suppose H is a nonempty subset of G that is closed under the group operation, i.e. for all $h_1, h_2 \in H$ the element $h_1 * h_2$ also belongs to H. Prove that H is a subgroup of G.
- 3. [5 points] Suppose N = pq for some integers p, q satisfying p > 1, q > 1 and gcd(p,q) = 1. Let X and Y be integers such that Xp + Yq = 1. For some $(a,b) \in \mathbb{Z}_p^* \times \mathbb{Z}_q^*$, let $x = aYq + bXp \mod N$. Without using the Chinese Remainder Theorem, prove that x belongs to \mathbb{Z}_N^* for any $(a,b) \in \mathbb{Z}_p^* \times \mathbb{Z}_q^*$.

Note: You are not allowed to use the Chinese Remainder Theorem (CRT) because this result was itself used to prove the CRT.

- 4. [5 points] Let N > 1 be an odd composite integer which is not a prime power. Let $N-1 = 2^r u$ where $r \ge 1$ and u is odd. An integer $a \in \mathbb{Z}_N^*$ is called a **strong witness** for the compositeness of N if
 - $a^u \neq 1 \mod N$ and
 - $a^{2^{i_u}} \neq -1 \mod N$ for all $i \in \{0, 1, 2, \dots, r-1\}$

Construct an element b in \mathbb{Z}_N^* that is a strong witness for the compositeness of N. You have to prove that it satisfies the above definition.